

Flow

- Knowledge Organiser (Meriden Year 3 Summer 2)



Previous learning

- ❖ Name and locate the world's 7 continents and 5 oceans
- ❖ Name, locate and identify characteristics of the 4 countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas
- ❖ Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: Key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season, weather.

Key human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shops.

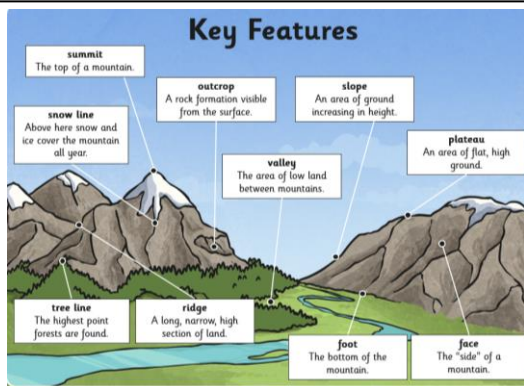
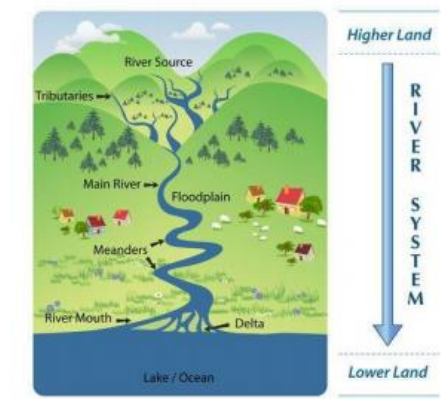
- ❖ Locate places on larger scale maps.
- ❖ Use large scale OS maps.
- ❖ Use map sites on the internet.
- ❖ Use maps, atlases, and globes to locate countries and describe features studied.
- ❖ Understand geographical similarities and differences.

Vocabulary

- ❖ **Condensation:** The collection of water droplets
- ❖ **Deposit:** Dropping of sediment
- ❖ **Erosion:** The wearing away of the Earth's surface
- ❖ **Evaporation:** The transition from liquid to gas
- ❖ **Meanders:** Turns in the river
- ❖ **Mountain:** Part of the landscape with steep slopes that rise over 300m
- ❖ **Mountain range:** A collection or group of mountains
- ❖ **Precipitation:** Rain, snow, sleet, or hail
- ❖ **River:** A large natural stream of water flowing in a channel to the sea, a lake or another river
- ❖ **River Banks:** The sides of the river
- ❖ **Riverbed:** The bottom of the river
- ❖ **River mouth:** The end of a river, where it enters a lake, sea or ocean
- ❖ **River source:** The start of the river
- ❖ **Transportation:** Movement of sediment
- ❖ **Tributaries:** A smaller river that flows into a larger river
- ❖ **Sediment:** Natural material that is carried and deposited by a river
- ❖ **Summit:** The highest point of a mountain or hill
- ❖ **Valley:** A low area of land between hills or mountains



Features of a River



Mountain Ranges of the World



Tallest Mountain on Each Continent

